



# Difluoromethane (R32)

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: January 3, 2022 Revision date: January 3, 2022 Version: 1.0



### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form	: Substance
Trade name	: Difluoromethane (R32)
CAS-No.	: 75-10-5
Product code	: HFC-32
Formula	: CH <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub>

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Supplier

Ruyuan Dongyangguang Fluorine Co.,Ltd.  
Chlor-Alkali Industry Base, Development Zone of Ruyuan County, GUANGDONG, CHINA  
512721  
T +86-(0)751-5286592  
[zhanggh.ginny@dyg-hec.com](mailto:zhanggh.ginny@dyg-hec.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : +86-(0)532-83889090

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS-US classification

Flammable gases, Category 1  
Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas

Extremely flammable gas.  
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

##### GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



Signal word (GHS-US)

: Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US)

: Extremely flammable gas.  
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.  
MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.  
MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US)

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.  
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
Store in a well-ventilated place.  
Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.  
Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.  
IF INHALED:  
Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
Get medical advice/attention.  
IF ON SKIN:  
Thaw frostbitten parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area.  
Get immediate medical advice/attention.  
DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).  
Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).  
Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.  
Close valve after each use and when empty.  
Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles.  
Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.

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### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable



## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Difluoromethane (R32) (Main constituent)	(CAS-No.) 75-10-5	> 99.9	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

## SECTION 4: First-aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.

First-aid measures after skin contact : In case of frostbite spray with water for at least 15 minutes. Apply a sterile dressing. Obtain medical assistance.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Refer to section 11.

### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

None.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray or fog. Dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide. Do not use water jet to extinguish.

### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbonyl fluoride. Carbon monoxide. Hydrogen fluoride.

### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : In confined space use self-contained breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters. Standard EN 469 - Protective clothing for firefighters. Standard - EN 659: Protective gloves for firefighters. Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.

Specific methods : Do not extinguish a leaking gas flame unless absolutely necessary. Spontaneous/explosive re-ignition may occur. Extinguish any other fire. Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems. If possible, stop flow of product. Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible. Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Try to stop release. Evacuate area. Monitor concentration of released product. Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. Eliminate ignition sources. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Act in accordance with local emergency plan. Stay upwind.

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### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up : Keep area evacuated and free from ignition sources until any spilled liquid has evaporated (ground free from frost).

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling of the gas receptacle

: Refer to supplier's container handling instructions. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the cylinder contents. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.

Safe use of the product

: Assess the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres and the need for explosion-proof equipment. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges). Consider the use of only non-sparking tools. Ensure equipment is adequately earthed. The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations. Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use. Do not smoke while handling product. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis. Do not breathe gas. Avoid release of product into atmosphere.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Segregate from oxidant gases and other oxidants in store. All electrical equipment in the storage areas should be compatible with the risk of a potentially explosive atmosphere. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep away from combustible materials.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

No additional information available

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Product to be handled in a closed system. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases/vapours may be released. Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).

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Environmental exposure controls

: Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered: PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.

#### Hand protection:

Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Standard EN 511 - Cold insulating gloves. Wear working gloves when handling gas containers. Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk.

#### Eye protection:

Wear goggles when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications

#### Respiratory protection:

Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the contaminant(s) and duration of use are known. Use gas filters with full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers. Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency. Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and standard EN136, full face masks .

#### Thermal hazard protection:

None in addition to the above sections.

#### Other information:

Consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing. Standard EN ISO 14116 - Limited flame spread materials. Standard EN 1149-5 - Protective clothing: Electrostatic properties. Wear safety shoes while handling containers. Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Ethereal. Poor warning properties at low concentrations.
Odour threshold	: Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.
pH	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Melting point	: -136 °C
Freezing point	: -136 °C
Boiling point	: -51.7 °C
Critical temperature	: 78.5 °C
Critical pressure	: 5830 kPa
Flash point	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Extremely flammable gas.
Vapour pressure	: 13.8 bar(a)
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: 31.4 bar(a)
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: Not applicable.
Relative density	: 1.1
Molecular mass	: 52 g/mol
Relative gas density	: 1.8
Solubility	: Water: 280000 mg/l
Log Pow	: 0.2 Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 648 °C
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available

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Viscosity, dynamic	: No reliable data available.
Explosive limits	: 14 - 31 vol %
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	: Not applicable.



### 9.2. Other information

Gas group	: Press. Gas (Liq.)
Additional information	: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Can form explosive mixture with air. May react violently with oxidants.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking. Avoid moisture in installation systems.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Air, Oxidisers. Moisture. For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Refer to section 11.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Classification criteria are not met.

#### Difluoromethane (R32) (75-10-5)

LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	1507 mg/l
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]	142 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]	652 mg/l

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### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Difluoromethane (R32) (75-10-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Difluoromethane (R32) (75-10-5)	
Log Pow	0.2
Log Kow	Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). Refer to section 9.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Difluoromethane (R32) (75-10-5)	
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution. Partition into soil is unlikely.

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects	: No known effects from this product.
Effect on the ozone layer	: None.
Global warming potential [CO <sub>2</sub> =1]	: 675
Effect on global warming	Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases. When discharged in large quantities may contribute to the greenhouse effect. For quantities refer to cylinder label.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods	: Contact supplier if guidance is required. Do not discharge into areas where there is a risk of forming an explosive mixture with air. Waste gas should be flared through a suitable burner with flash back arrestor. Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded. Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at <a href="http://www.eiga.eu">http://www.eiga.eu</a> for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. Refer to supplier's waste gas recovery programme. Toxic and corrosive gases formed during combustion should be scrubbed before discharge to atmosphere. Discharge to atmosphere in large quantities should be avoided. Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Return unused product in original cylinder to supplier.
Additional information	: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Decision 2001/118/EC)	: 14 06 01 *: Chlorofluorocarbons, HCFC, HFC.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description	: UN3252 Difluoromethane, 2.1
UN-No.(DOT)	: UN3252
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Difluoromethane
Class (DOT)	: 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable gas 49 CFR 173.115
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 2.1 - Flammable gas



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 302
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 314;315
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: T50 - When portable tank instruction T50 is referenced in Column (7) of the 172.101 Table, the applicable liquefied compressed gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of 173.313 of this subchapter.

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DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	306
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	Forbidden
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	150 kg
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	D - The material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length, but the material is prohibited on passenger vessels in which the limiting number of passengers is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	:	40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	:	115
Other information	:	No supplementary information available.
Special transport precautions	:	Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: - Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

### Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Not applicable

### Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG)	:	UN 3252 DIFLUOROMETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 32), 2.1
UN-No. (IMDG)	:	3252
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	:	DIFLUOROMETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 32)
Class (IMDG)	:	2 - Gases
Limited quantities (IMDG)	:	0
MFAG-No	:	115

### Air transport

Transport document description (IATA)	:	UN 3252 Difluoromethane, 2.1
UN-No. (IATA)	:	3252
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	:	Difluoromethane
Class (IATA)	:	2

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

#### Difluoromethane (R32) (75-10-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

#### Difluoromethane (R32) (75-10-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

#### National regulations

No additional information available

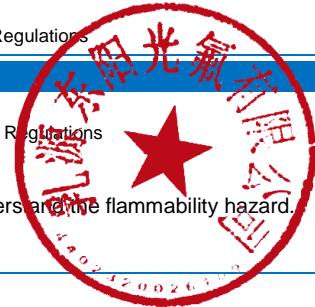
### 15.3. US State regulations

No additional information available

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### SECTION 16: Other information

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Training advice : Ensure operators understand the flammability hazard.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

	ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
	CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
	REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
	EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
	CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number
	PPE - Personal Protection Equipment
	LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
	RMM - Risk Management Measures
	PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
	STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
	CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment
	EN - European Standard
	UN - United Nations
	ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
	IATA - International Air Transport Association
	IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
	WGK - Water Hazard Class
	STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product*