SAFETY DATA SHEET



Green Earth Restroom Cleaner

Section 1. Identifi	cation	
GHS product identifier	: Green Earth Restroom Cleaner	
Product code	: 548	
Other means of	: Not available.	
identification		
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advis	ed against
Identified uses		
Restroom care		
Uses advised against	R	eason
For Industrial and Institutiona	I Use Only -	
L		
Supplier's details	: Betco Corporation	
	400 Van Camp Road Bowling Green, Ohio 43402	
	www.betco.com	
	888-462-3826	
En en en televitere	Character a (200) 404 0000 04 hour	_
Emergency telephone number (with hours of	: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 24 hou	
operation)		
Section 2. Hazard	s identification	
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous (29 CFR 1910.1200).	by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
Classification of the	: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	1
substance or mixture		
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
nazara pictograms		
	$\mathbf{\vee}$	
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention		face protection: Recommended: Safety Goggles.
		led: Protective gloves. Wash hands thoroughly
	after handling.	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a
	POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
urea hydrochloride	≥10 - <25	506-89-8
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	≤5	112-34-5
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	≤3	68439-46-3
D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16-alkyl glycosides	≤3	110615-47-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

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: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	offects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media					
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an ex	tinguishing agent suitable	for the surrounding fi	re.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None know	wn.			
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or	if heated, a pressure incre	ease will occur and th	ne container may burst.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/13/2021	Date of previous issue	: 11/12/2021	Version : 1.01	3/13

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
urea hydrochloride	None.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	None.
D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16-alkyl glycosides	None.

Appropriate engineering	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures,
controls	local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to
	airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: Safety Goggles
Skin protection	
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Protective gloves
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	 Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Clear. Green.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 0.2 to 1.5
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >120°C (>248°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	: Not available.
(flammable) limits	
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.031
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	: Not available.
octanol/water	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Incompatible materials	: Not availa	ble.			
Conditions to avoid	: No specif	ic data.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under nor	mal conditions of storage	and use, hazardous	reactions will not occur.	
Chemical stability	: The produ	uct is stable.			
Reactivity	: No specif	c test data related to react	ivity available for this	product or its ingredient	S.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	2700 mg/kg 4500 mg/kg	-
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16-alkyl glycosides	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	1378 mg/kg 5000 g/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal. Routes of entry not anticipated: Inhalation.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effect	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>əct</u>	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates				
Route	ATE value			
Oral	4166.67 mg/kg			

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure		
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 5.36 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	96 hours 48 hours		
	Acute EC50 2686 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours		
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours		

Persistence and degradability

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Section 12. Ecological information

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16-alkyl glycosides	1 -0.07	-	low low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	UN3265	UN3265	UN3265	UN3265	UN3265
UN proper shipping name	-	Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (urea hydrochloride)				
Transport hazard class(es)	-	8	8	8	8	8
Packing group	-					111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

DOT Classification

: -Exempt under DOT 49 CFR 173.154 (d). This material is corrosive to aluminum only. Not corrosive to mild stelel and skin.

Section 14. Transport information

TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8). This material is corrosive to aluminum only. Not corrosive to mild steel and skin.
Mexico Classification	1	-This material is corrosive to aluminum only. Not corrosive to mild steel and skin.
ADR/RID	:	-This material is corrosive to aluminum only. Not corrosive to mild steel and skin.
IMDG	:	This material is corrosive to aluminum only. Not corrosive to mild steel and skin.
ΙΑΤΑ	:	This material is corrosive to aluminum only. Not corrosive to mild steel and skin.
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	:	Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U			
U.S. Federal regulations		SCA 8(a) PAIR: 3-p clohex-3-ene-1-car	-cumenyl-2-methylpropionaldehyde; 1-methyl-4-(4-methylpentyl) baldehyde
	Т	SCA 8(a) CDR Exer	mpt/Partial exemption: Not determined
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Li	sted	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: No	ot listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: No	ot listed	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: No	ot listed	
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: No	ot listed	
SARA 302/304			
Composition/information or	n ing	redients	
No products were found.			
SARA 304 RQ	: No	ot applicable.	
<u>SARA 311/312</u>			
Classification :		IN CORROSION - (RIOUS EYE DAMA	
Composition/information or	n ing	redients	
Name		%	Classification
urea hydrochloride		≥10 - <25	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated		≤5 ≤3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric		≤3 ≤3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

C10-16-alkyl glycosides

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	≤5
Supplier notification	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	≤5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: GLYCOL ETHERS
Pennsylvania	: None of the components are listed.
California Prop. 65	

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: At least one component is not listed.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: At least one component is not listed.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1		On basis of test data
listory		
Date of printing	: 12/13/2021	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/13/2021	
Date of previous issue	: 11/12/2021	
Version	: 1.01	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classifie IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Good LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partitio MARPOL = International Convention for the Pre as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = UN = United Nations	ds on coefficient evention of Pollution From Ships, 1973
References	: Not available.	

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Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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