



# 新利達電池有限公司 NEW LEADER BATTERY LIMITED.

## Safety Data Sheet for Carbon Zinc (Extra Heavy Duty) Series

Document Number: SDS-R6P ,R03P,6F22(9V) \*\*Not for recharge\*\* 不可充電 (Version : 2018)

### SECTION 1 – Manufacturer Information 生產商資料

Manufacturer's Name 生產商 : New Leader Battery Limited 新利達電池有限公司

Emergency & Information Phone No 緊急和查詢電話 : 852 - 2790 6280

Address : Rm A, 4/F, Block 1, Camelpaint Building, 62 Hoi Yuen Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

Signature of Prepare (Optional)

### SECTION 2 – Hazardous Ingredients

#### IMPORTANT NOTE :

Use under normal conditions, the Zinc Chloride Manganese battery is hermetically sealed.

鋅錳酸性電池在正常使用下是密封的

**Ingestion:** Swallowing a battery can be harmful. Contents of an open battery can cause serious chemical burns of mouth , esophagus, and gastrointestinal tract . IMMEDIATELY SEE DOCTOR; Do not induce vomiting or give food or drink.

誤服 : 吞服電池是有害的,誤服了的電池會導致化學性燒傷,使食道嚴重灼傷,萬一誤服應立即盡快找就近的醫生診斷,不要給誤服者飲食或企圖把誤服之電池吐出

**Inhalation:** Contents of an open battery can cause respiratory irritation.

吸入 : 吸入了開封的電池會刺激呼吸道

**Skin Contact:** Contents of an open battery can cause skin irritation.

皮膚接觸 : 接觸了開封的電池會導致皮膚過敏

**Eye Contact:** Contents of an open battery can cause severe irritation.

眼睛接觸 : 如眼睛不慎接觸了已開封的電池會導致眼睛刺痛

### SECTION 3 – Composition

#### R03P,R6P

Substance Name 名稱	Chemical Identification CAS# 代號	% Weight
Polystyrene 膠	9003 – 53 – 6	1%
Zinc 鋅	7440 - 66 – 6	28%
Carbon 炭	1333 – 86 - 4	8%
Manganese Dioxide 二氧化錳	1313 - 13 - 9	25%
Zinc Chloride 氯化鋅	7646 – 85 - 7	4%
Iron 鐵	7439 - 89 – 6	20%
Distilled Water 純水	7732 – 18 - 5	14%



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### 6F22(9V)

<b>Zinc</b>	7440 - 66 - 6	20%
<b>Carbon</b>	1333 - 86 - 4	5%
<b>Manganese Dioxide</b>	1313 - 13 - 9	24%
<b>Zinc Chloride (ZnCl<sub>2</sub>)</b>	7646 - 85 - 7	4%
<b>Iron</b>	7439 - 89 - 6	24%
<b>Distilled Water</b>	7732 - 18 - 5	15.15%
<b>Ammonium Chloride</b>	12125-02-9	0.5%
<b>Brass</b>	7440-50-8	2.35%
<b>Polystyrene</b>	9003-53-6	5%
<b>Other</b>	N/A	0.00%

### **SECTION 4 – First Aid Measures 急救處理措施**

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting or give food or drink. Seek medical attention immediately. Call National Battery Ingestion Hotline for advice.

誤服：不要給誤服者飲食或企圖把誤服之電池吐出，應立即盡快找就近的醫生診斷，聯絡國際電池熱線尋求意見

**Inhalation:** Provide fresh air and seek medical attention.

吸入：提供新鮮的空氣和盡快找就近的醫生診斷

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with soap and water. If a chemical burn occurs or if irritation persists, seek medical attention

皮膚接觸：把受污染的衣物移走和應立即用肥皂水清洗患處

**Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower lids, until no evidence of the chemical remains. Seek medical attention.

眼睛接觸：盡快用清水沖洗 15 分鐘，眨動上下眼皮，直至沒有化學物殘留在眼睛，盡快找就近的醫生診斷

### **SECTION 5 – Fire Fighting Measures**

In case of fire, it is permissible to use any class of extinguishing medium on these batteries or their packing material. Cool exterior of batteries if exposed to fire to prevent rupture.

Fire fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

如遇上電池所引發之火警，可用任何認可之滅火器救火和他們的包裝材料，請勿把破裂的電池投入火堆中，滅火時應穿上有自動提供氧氣的滅火衣



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### **SECTION 6 – Accidental Release Measures 處理意外釋放或溢出之電池**

**Ventilation Requirements:** Room ventilation may be required in areas where there are open or leaking batteries

通風設備：如發生漏液或破損，應把電池移往室內通風地方

**Eye Protection:** Wear safety glasses with side shields if handling an open or leaking battery

眼部護理：應把已打開或漏液之電池，放入已盛載了水的水杯內

**Gloves:** Use neoprene or natural rubber gloves if handling an open or leaking battery.

**Battery materials** should be collected in a leak-proof container

手套：已打開或漏液之電池在處理時，應帶上橡膠手套和放入防漏之容器內

### **SECTION 7 – Handling and Storage**

**Storage :** Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Elevated temperatures can result in shortened battery life.

存放：電池應存放在通風及清涼的地方，高溫存放會縮短電池之壽命

**Handling:** Accidental short circuit for a few seconds will not seriously affect the battery. Prolonged short circuit will cause the battery to lose energy, and can cause the safety release vent to open. Sources of short circuits include jumbled batteries in bulk containers, metal jewelry, metal covered tables or metal belts used for assembly of batteries into devices.

處理：短暫短路對電池不會有嚴重之影響，短路時間會對電池之容量構成影響，產生高熱影響安全。把其他電池或金屬物品混合和放在同一容器內，會對電池產生短路，被破壞之池在結構內會形成短路

**Charging:** This battery is manufactured in a charged state. Its is not designed for recharging. Recharging can cause battery leakage or in some case, high pressure rupture. Inadvertent charging can occur if a battery is installed backwards

充電：電池在生產時已有足夠電量，此款電池設計是不適用在充電池上，把電池再充電有機會令電池漏液及因高壓造成破壞，如不慎把電池充電可令電池發生反充。

### **SECTION 8 – Exposure Controls / Person Protection 接觸控制/個人保護**

**Ventilation Requirements** 通風系統之要求：N.A.

**Respiratory Protection** 呼吸道保護: N.A..

**Eyes Protection** 眼睛保護：N.A.

**Gloves** 手套：N.A.



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### **SECTION 9 – Physical / Chemical Properties 物理/化學特性**

Boiling Point 沸點 : N.A.

Specific Gravity 比重 (H<sub>2</sub>O = 1) : N.A.

Melting Point 熔點 : N.A.

Vapor Pressure 蒸氣壓 (mm Hg) : N.A.

Vapor Density 蒸氣密度 (AIR = 1) : N.A.

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate) : N.A.

Solubility in Water 溶解度 : N.A.

Appearance and Odor 形狀和氣味 , Cylindrical Shape, Odorless 圓柱型 : 無氣味

### **SECTION 10 – Stability and Reactivity 反應性數據**

Stability 穩定性: stable 穩定

Conditions to Avoid 避免條件 : Stable 穩定

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts : 副產品或分解物是危險的

The Zinc Chloride Manganese Battery do not meet any of the criteria established in 40 CFR 261.2 of reactivity  
鋅錳酸性電池的反應性達不到 40CFR 261.2 的標準

### **SECTION 11– Toxicological Information 毒物學的資料 : N.A.**

### **SECTION 12– Ecological Information 生態學的資料 : N.A.**

### **SECTION 13– Disposal Considerations : Dispose of the batteries according to government regulations.**

Do not incinerate. Disposal should be in accordance with the EC Battery Directive 2006/66/EC. Battery are labeled with “special collection” symbol(as shown) in accordance with the EC Battery Directive:





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### **SECTION 14 – Transport Information 運輸資訊**

The Batteries in all forms of transportation (e.g. Truck, air, or sea) must be packaged in a safe and responsible manner. Regulatory concerns from all agencies for safe packaging require that batteries be packaged in a manner that prevents short circuits and be contained in (Strong Carton / Packaging) that prevents spillage of contents. 所有電池之運送方式(e.g.航運,空運和陸運)必須要已負責任之態度和安全包裝來運送.所有代理在監管安全包裝的問題上,電池必須要裝放在(加厚紙箱/包裝)防止短路和防電池溢出之包裝容器內.

Zinc Chloride battery (sometime referred to as “**Dry Cell**” are not listed as dangerous goods under the **ADR** European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road, The IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code, UN Dangerous Good Regulations, IATA Dangerous Goods Regulation, ICAO Technical Instructions and the U.S. hazardous materials regulations (49 CFR). These batteries are not subject to the dangerous goods regulations provided they meet the requirement contained in the following special provisions. 鋅錳酸性電池(有需要時可參考“干電池”, 因干電池類在 **ADR** European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road, The IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code, UN Dangerous Good Regulations, IATA Dangerous Goods Regulation, ICAO Technical Instructions and the U.S. hazardous materials regulations (49 CFR)的危險品類別中. 此電池在下列的航運條例中也不屬於危險品:

Regulatory Parties	Special Provisions
ADR	Not Regulated
IMDG	Not Regulated
UN, ICAO	Not Regulated
US DOT	49 CFR 172.102 Provision 130
IATA,	A123,

Ref: Summary of Packing Instruction (IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations 59<sup>th</sup> Edition) the minimum requirements necessary to transport as non-restricted goods are as follows

總括在包裝指引(IATA 危險品條例 59 版), 在非違禁品運輸中最基本之要求如下:

**\*\*All Zinc Chloride Manganese Batteries are packed in such a way to prevent short circuits or the generation dangerous quantities of heat and meet the special provisions listed above. In addition, The IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations ICAO Technical Instructions require the words “ Not Restricted” and the Special Provision No: A123 be provided on the air waybill, when an air waybill is issued.**

所有鋅錳酸性電池必需包裝在防止短路或在防止產生過熱之數量內和達到有關特別指引之要求下. 另外,有關國際危險品的規例中的 ICAO 技術指示 “Not Restricted”字眼, 在 A123 的特別條例中必須展示在空運提單中



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**SECTION 15– Regulatory Information:** Zinc Chloride Manganese Batteries are not classified as dangerous goods by US Department of Transportation or the major international regulatory bodies and are therefore not regulated.

SARA/TITLE III – As an article, this battery and its contents are not subject to the requirements of the Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act.

在美國運輸局和主要國際之條例中，鋅錳酸性電池是不介定在危險品的種類內。

SARA/TITLE III – 文章中，此類電池沒有在有關急介定之項目中。

**SECTION 16 – Other Information :** None